

# Aspiration of /s/ in Spanish: An account of morpheme boundary processes

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## 1. Goals

To examine opaque data in Nicaraguan Spanish and to provide an analysis in a revised Stratal OT approach by taking co-articulatory effects into account.

Classical OT cannot account for:  
Counterfeeding: “underapplication”  
Deletion of final /s/ and [h] fails to cause spirantization of voiced stops: *las balas* ⇒ [la balah] not [la ʔalah]  
Counterbleeding: “overapplication”  
Resyllabification fails to block process /s/ aspiration:  
*las alas* ⇒ [lah alah]

## 2. Data

Transparent data:

Aspiration:  
/s/ ⇒ [h] in syllable coda (Harris 1983, Hualde 1989, Morris 1998, Colina 2006, Wiltshire 2006):

este	[ehtɛ]	‘this’
aislar	[aɪhlar]	‘isolate’

mas tarde	[mah tarde]	‘later’ (more late)
mas largo	[mah largo]	‘longer’ (more lon)

/s/ or [h] deletes before +v stop:  
Las balas [la balah] ‘the bullets’

Spirantization of voiced stops after vowels:

No spirantization: utterance initial:

bala	[bala]	‘bullet’
don	[don]	‘gift’
gala	[gala]	‘gala’

Spirantization: word initial and internal, post-vocalic:

lobo	[loʔo]	‘wolf’
lodo	[loʔo]	‘mud’
lago	[layo]	‘lake’

la bala	[la ʔala]	‘the bullet’
la di	[la ʔi]	‘(I) gave it’
la gala	[la ʔala]	‘the gala’

## 3. Classical OT Account

OT can account for transparent data.

Constraints and tableaux for transparent aspiration of /s/ syllable finally.

\*C/[+STRID]: Assign a violation per strident in coda

IDENT[STR]: Every corresponding segment in the input must be identical to its correspondent in the output for feature Strident

MAX: Do not delete

Opaque data:

Counterfeeding Opacity:  
/s/ + voiced stop sequences: /s/ is deleted and the following voiced stop does not spirantize.

Word internal:  
desde [dede] ‘since’  
rasgo [rago] ‘trait’

Word Final:  
las dos [la doh] ‘two o’clock’  
mas grande [ma grande] ‘bigger’ (more big)  
las balas [la balah] ‘the bullets’ -P1

Counterbleeding Opacity:  
/s/ ⇒ [h] when followed by vowel initial words or stems (Harris 1983, Hualde 1989, Colina 1997, Wiltshire 2006).

Environment (coda) for aspiration is lost: aspiration still occurs  
las alas [la.ha.lah] ‘the wings’

los otros [lo.ho.troh] ‘the others’

mas alla [ma.ha.ja] ‘beyond’

Aspiring dialect \*C/[+STRID] >> IDENT[STR], MAX

/estos/	*C/[+STRID]	IDENT[STR]	MAX
a. estos	**!		
b. estoh	*!	*	
c. ehtos	*!	*	
d. ʔehtoh		**	
e. eto		**	*!*

Constraints and tableaux for transparent spirantization of voiced stops after vowels.

\*Vd: Assign one violation for a voiced stop following a vowel

IDENT[CONT]: Assign one violation for a mismatch between feature Continuant between correspondent segments from input to output.

a. Word medial intervocalic /b/ lobo ‘wolf’

/lobo/	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
lobo	*!	
ʔloʔo		*!

b. Word initial /b/ bala ‘bullet’

/bala/	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
ʔbala		
ʔala		*!

c. Word initial intervocalic /b/ la bala ‘the bullet’

/la bala/	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
la bala	*!	
ʔla ʔala		*!

Constraints necessary for deletion of /s/ before voiced stops and relevant tableaux.

AGREE: Assign a violation if two adjacent obstruents disagree in voicing

IDENT[VOICE]: Assign a violation for a change in voice between corresponding input and output segments

MAX: Do not delete

/desde/	AGREE	IDENT[VOICE]	*C/[+STR]	IDENT[STRID]	MAX
desde	*!		*		
dehde		*!		*	
dezde		*!	*		
ʔdede				*	*

## 4. Problem

Constraints and rankings in Classical OT are unable to account for counterbleeding and counterfeeding opaque data.

\*C/[+str] targets surface coda: /s/ in las no longer in coda

/las alas/	*C/[+STRID]	IDENT[STR]	MAX
a. las a.s alas	*!		
b. ʔlas a.lah		*	
c. ʔla.h a.lah		**!	

\*Vd targets voi stops after vowels on the surface: counterfeeding opacity.

/las balas/	AGREE	IDENT[VOICE]	*C/[+STR]	IDENT[STRID]	MAX	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
a. las balas			**	**			
b. lah balah	*!						
c. laz balah		*!	*	*			
d. ʔla balah					*	*!	
e. ʔla balah					*	*	*
f. lah ʔalah	*!					**	**

## 5. Stratal OT and OT-CC

Counterbleeding: example /beses ai/ ‘times there’

a. Stem: /bes/ ‘time’	IDENT[STR]	*C/[+STRID]
b. bes		*
b. ʔes		*
b. ʔeh		*!

b. Word: /bes+es/ ‘times’ PL	IDENT[STR]	IDENT[CONT]
a. be.ses	*	
b. ʔbe.sah		*
c. be.h.ah		**!

c. Phrase: /besch + ai/ ‘times there’	IDENT[STR]	IDENT[CONT]
benschai/	*C/[+STRID]	
a. be.se.na.i		*!
b. ʔbe.se.ha.i		*
c. be.be.ha.i		*!

Counterfeeding: example /las/ + /balas/ ‘the bullets’

a. Word: /las/ ‘the’ and /bal-as/ ‘bullets’	IDENT[STR]	MAX	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
/las/	*C[STRID]			
las		*		
ʔlah		*		*
b. Word: /bal-as/ ‘bullets’	IDENT[STR]	MAX	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
/bal-as/	*C[STRID]			
balas		*		
ʔbalah		*		*
ʔbalah		*		*

b. Phrase: /lah + balah/	AGREE	IDENT[VOICE]	*C/[+STR]	IDENT[STRID]	MAX	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
a. las balas			**	**			
b. lah balah	*!		*	*			
c. laz balah		*!	*	*		*	*
d. ʔla balah					*	*	*
e. la balah					*	*	*
f. lah ʔalah	*!					**	**

OT-CC is OT with candidate chains.(McCarthy 2007) is also inadequate.

Counterbleeding opacity fails - only valid chains at right.

No resyllabification and aspiration possible in OT-CC

## 6. Solution

Stratal OT needs to take co-articulation into account.  
Introduction of a second level (P2) as in Kaisse (1985), ranking constraints dealing with co-articulatory phenomena (Agree) higher than in the phrasal level e.g., the Postlexical P2 level encompasses phenomena like [h] deletion which occur in fast/casual speech.

Phrase and P2 levels

/lah balah/	AGREE	IDENT[VOICE]	*C/[+STR]	IDENT[STRID]	MAX	*Vd	IDENT[CONT]
a. las balas			**	**		*	
b. lah balah			*	*		*	
c. laz balah	*!		*	*		*	*
d. la balah					*	*	*
e. la balah					*	*	*
f. lah ʔalah					*	**	**

/lah balah/	AGREE	IDENT[VOICE]	*C/[+STR]	IDENT[STRID]	MAX	IDENT[CONT]	*Vd
a. las balas			**	**			
b. lah balah	*!		*	*			
c. laz balah		*!	*	*		*	*
d. ʔla balah					*	*	*
e. la balah					*	*	*
f. lah ʔalah	*!					**	**

Stratal OT:  
Proposed to account for opacity (Kiparsky 2000, 2008; Bermudez-Otero to appear).

Up to 3 levels of grammar, stem, word, phrase.  
Constraint re-rankings at levels capture opacity

Tableaux at left show that Stratal OT works for counterbleeding: /s/ aspirates at word level, input to phrase level

Problem for counterfeeding, same problem as before

Both spirantization and /s/ deletion apply at phrase level

Spirantization of voiced stops occurs at Phrase Level

Loss of [h] occurs at Postlexical P2 level

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